

धसाधारण

### EXTRAORDINARY

भाग [[-कंड 2

PART II—Section 2

प्राधिकार से प्रकाशित



सं० 29]

नई दिल्ली, शुक्रवार, मई 16, 1969/वैसाखा 26, 1891

No. 29] NEW DELHI, FRIDAY, MAY 16, 1969/VAISAKHA 26, 1891

इस भाग में भिन्न पुष्ठ संख्या दो **चाली** है जिससे कि यह ग्रल<sup>ा</sup> संकलन के रूप में रखा जा सके। Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

### LOK SABHA

The following Bills were introduced in Lok Sabha on the 16th May, 1969:---

BILL No. 43 of 1969

A Bill further to amend the Petroleum Act, 1934.

BE it enacted by Parliament in the Twentieth Year of the Republic of India as follows: --

- 1. (1) This Act may be called the Petroleum (Amendment) Act, 1969. Short
- (2) It shall come into force on such date as the Central Government commenmay, by notification in the Official Gazette, appoint.

2. In the Petroleum Act, 1934 (hereinafter referred to as the principal Amend-Act), in the long title and preamble, the words "and other inflammable ment substances" shall be omitted.

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3. In section 2 of the principal Act,-

Amendment of

amble.

- (a) for clause (b), the following clauses shall be substituted, section 2, namely: -
  - '(b) "petroleum Class A" means petroleum having a flashpoint below twenty-three degrees Centigrade;
  - (bo) "petroleum Class B" means petroleum having a flashpoint of twenty-three degrees Centigrade and above but below sixty-five degrees Centigrade;

30 of 1934.

- (bbb) "petroleum Class C" means petroleum having a flashpoint of sixty-five degrees Centigrade and above but below ninety-three degrees Centigrade;';
- (b) in clause (c), for the word "flashing-point", the word "flash-point" shall be substituted;
- (c) for clause (d), the following clause shall be substituted, namely:—
  - '(d) "to transport petroleum" means to move petroleum from one place to another in India and includes moving from one place to another in India across a territory which is not part of India;'.

Amendment of section 3. 4. In sub-section (2) of section 3 of the principal Act, for the words "any dangerous petroleum", the words and letter "petroleum Class A" shall be substituted.

Amendment of section 4. 5. In section 4 of the principal Act, for the words "dangerous petroleum" wherever they occur, the words and letter "petroleum Class A" shall be substituted.

Amendment of section 5. 6. In clause (b) of sub-section (2) of section 5 of the principal Act, for the words "dangerous p troleum", the words and letter "petroleum Class A" shall be substituted.

Amendment of section 6.

- 7. In section 6 of the principal Act,—
- (a) for the words "dangerous petroleum" wherever they occur, the words and letter "petroleum Class A" shall be substituted;
- (b) in clause (a) of the proviso, for the word; "two gallons", the words "ten litres" shall be substituted.

Substitution of new sections for sections 7 and 8.

8. For sections 7 and 8 of the principal Act, the following sections shall be substituted, namely:—-

and 8.

No licence needed for transport or storage of limited quantities of petroleum Class B or

petroleum

Class C.

- "7. Notwithstanding anything contained in this Chapter, a person need not obtain a licence for the transport or storage of—
  - (i) petroleum Class B if the total quantity in his possession at any one place does not exceed two thousand and five hundred litres and none of it is contained in a receptacle exceeding one thousand litres in capacity; or
  - (ii) petroleum Class C if the total quantity in his possession at any one place does not exceed forty-five thousand litres and such petroleum is transported or stored in accordance with the rules made under section 4.
- 8. (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Chapter, a person need not obtain a licence for the import, transport or storage of petroleum Class A not intended for sale if the total quantity in his possession does not exceed thirty litres.
- No licence needed for import, transport or storage of small quantities of petroleum Class A.
- (2) Petroleum Class A possessed without a licence under this section shall be kept in securely stoppered receptacles of glass, stoneware or metal which shall not, in the case of receptacles of glass or

stoneware, exceed one litre in capacity or, in the case of receptacles of metal, exceed twenty-five litres in capacity.".

# 9. In section 9 of the principal Act,—

Amendment of section 9.

- (a) in sub-section (1),—
- (i) for the words "dangerous petroleum" in both places where they occur, the words and letter "petroleum Class A" shall be substituted;
- (ii) for the words "twenty gallons" in both places where they occur, the words "one hundred litres" shall be substituted;
- (b) in sub-section (2),—
- (i) for the words "The dangerous petroleum", the words and letter "Petroleum Class A" shall be substituted;
- (ii) for the words "six gallons", the words "thirty litres" shall be substituted.
- 10. For section 11 of the principal Act, the following section shall be Substitusubstituted, namely:-

tion of new section for section 11.

"11. Nothing in this Chapter shall apply to any petroleum which Exemphas its flash-point not below ninety-three degrees Centigrade.".

tion of heavy oils.

11. In sub-section (1) of section 15 of the principal Act, for the word Amend-"flashing-point", the word "flash-point" shall be substituted.

ment of section 15,

12. In sub-section (1) of section 16 of the principal Act, for the word Amend-"flashing-point", the word "flash-point" shall be substituted.

ment of section 16.

## 13. In section 19 of the principal Act,—

Amend. ment of

- (a) for sub-section (1), the following sub-section shall be sub- section 19. stituted, namely:--
  - "(1) The testing officer after testing samples of petroleum shall make out a certificate in the prescribed form, stating whether the petroleum is petroleum Class A or petroleum Class B or petroleum Class C, and if the petroleum is petroleum Class B or petroleum Class C, the flash-point of the petroleum.";
- (b) for sub-section (3), the following sub-section shall substituted, namely:--
  - "(3) A certificate given under this section shall be admitted as evidence in any proceedings which may be taken under this Act in respect of the petroleum from which the samples were taken, and shall, until the contrary is proved, be conclusive proof, that the petroleum is petroleum Class A or petroleum Class B or petroleum Class C, and, if the petroleum is petroleum Class B or petroleum Class C, of its flash-point.".

Amendment of section 23,

- 14. In section 23 of the principal Act,—
- (a) in sub-section (1), for the words "with fine which may extend to five hundred rupees", the words "with simple imprisonment which may extend to one month, or with fine which may extend to one thousand rupees, or with both" shall be substituted;
- (b) in sub-section (2), for the words "with fine which may extend to two thousand rupees", the words "with simple imprisonment which may extend to three months, or with fine which may extend to five thousand rupees, or with both" shall be substituted.

Substitution of new section for section 27.

15. For section 27 of the principal Act, the following section shall be substituted, namely:—

Notice of accidents with petro-leum.

"27. Whenever there occurs in or about, or in connection with, any place in which petroleum is refined, blended or kept, or any carriage or vessel either conveying petroleum or on or from which petroleum is being loaded or unloaded, any accident by explosion or by fire as a result of the ignition of petroleum or petroleum vapour attended with loss of human life or serious injury to person or property, or of a description usually attended with such loss or injury, the occupier of the place or the person for the time being in charge of the petroleum or the person in charge of the carriage or the master of the vessel, as the case may be, shall, within such time and in such manner as may be prescribed, give notice thereof and of the attendant loss of human life, or injury to person or property, if any, to the nearest Magistrate or to the officer in charge of the nearest police station and to the Chief Inspector of Explosives in India.".

Amendment of section 28, 16. In sub-section (3) of section 28 of the principal Act, the words "in Presidency-town" shall be omitted.

### STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS

The Petroleum Act, 1934 (30 of 1934), which relates to the import, transport, storage, production, refining and blending of petroleum is based on Foot-Pound-Second system. As a result of the introduction of the metric system of weights and measures, it is essential to revise the references to the Foot-Pound-Second system.

The nomenclature used in the Act for different grades of petroleum is not very satisfactory and it is considered desirable to rationalise and simplify the nomenclature in accordance with the practice obtaining in other advanced countries.

Opportunity is also being taken to enhance the penalty for the violation of the provisions of the Act and remove other minor lacunae observed in the administration of the Act.

The Bill seeks to achieve the aforesaid objects.

NEW DELHI; The 5th March, 1969. TRIGUNA SEN.